

Marion County Board of County Commissioners

Growth Services

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PLANNING & ZONING SECTION STAFF REPORT

| Public Hearing Dates | P&Z: 12/30/2024 | BCC: 3/17/2025 (Continued from 1/13/2025) | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Case Number | 250110ZC | | |
| CDP-AR | 32164 | | |
| Type of Case: Rezoning | From: Community Business (B-2) To: Regional Business (B-4) | | |
| Owner | North Pointe Mobile Home Sales, LLC. | | |
| Applicant | Mastroserio Engineering, Inc.; Paulo Mastroserio | | |
| Street Address/Site Location | 7265 SW Hwy 200, Ocala, FL 34476; Green Turf Acres Unrecorded Subdivision (#20) Lot 32 | | |
| Parcel Number(s) | 3564-032-000 | | |
| Property Size | ±2.26 acres | | |
| Future Land Use | Commercial (COM) [Concurrent Land Use Amendment for Employment Center (EC) not recommended)] | | |
| Existing Zoning Classification | Community Business (B-2) | | |
| Overlays Zones/Special Areas | Urban Growth Boundary (UGB), Secondary Springs Protection Zone (SSPZ), Marion County Utilities SW Regional Service Area | | |
| Staff Recommendation | DENIAL | | |
| P&Z Recommendation | DENIAL | | |
| Project Planner | Christopher D. Rison, AICP, Senior Planner | | |
| Related Cases | 25-S02: Small-Scale Land Use Amendment to EC; 97-L13: Large-Scale Land Use Amendment to COM; 890906Z: Rezoning to B-2 (<i>B-4 requested</i>). | | |
| Code Cases | 966836 : Installation of multiple manufactured homes (MHs) without proper building permits. (<i>Power pulled for MHs</i> .) 965273: MH sales in a B-2 Zone (B-4 required). | | |

Empowering Marion for Success

I. ITEM SUMMARY

Paolo Mastroserio with Mastroserio Engineering, Inc., filed a rezoning application on behalf of North Pointe Mobile Home Sales, LLC., to change a ±2.26 acre site from Community Business (B-2) to Regional Business (B-4). The Parcel Identification Number for the property is 3564-032-000; the site is addressed as 7625 SW Hwy 200, Ocala, and the legal description is provided within the application (see Attachment A). The subject property is Lot 32 of the Green Turf Acres Unrecorded (UNR) Subdivision No. 20, and forms the northeast corner of the SW Hwy 200 and SW 73rd Avenue intersection at the south entrance to the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision. The site is located within the Urban Growth Boundary (UGB), and in the County-wide Secondary Springs Protection Zone (SS-SPOZ), and within Marion County Utilities SW Utility Service Area. The application proposes rezoning the subject property for all uses permitted. The site is the subject of two Code Enforcement cases related to a manufactured homes sales operation on the site – as the use is not permitted in B-2 zoning and no appropriate building permits were pulled for the placement of the manufactured homes. A concurrent small-scale comprehensive plan amendment application to change the site's future land use designation from Commercial (COM) to Employment Center (EC) has also been submitted (25-S02), and obtaining approval of that request is required for this concurrent application; however, staff is recommending denial of the concurrent land use change wherein this rezoning request would not be consistent with the site's unchanged future land use designation, and staff is therefore recommending denial of this rezoning request.

Aerial Map (Fall 2023)

Figure 1



II. STAFF SUMMARY RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends **DENIAL** of the rezoning application. Staff finds the requested zoning does not conform to LDC Section 2.7.3.E(2) would adversely affect the public interest, is not compatible with the Marion County Comprehensive Plan, and is not compatible with the surrounding area.

III. NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

Consistent with Land Development Code (LDC) Section 2.7.3.C., notice of public hearing was mailed to all property owners (7) within 300 feet of the subject property on December 13, 2024. Consistent with LDC Section 2.7.3.B., public notice was posted on the subject property the week of December 9, 2024, and consistent with LDC Section 2.7.3.E., due public notice was published in the Ocala Star-Banner on December 16, 2024. Evidence of the above-described public notices are on file with the Growth Services Department and is incorporated herein by reference. As of the date of the initial distribution of this staff report, no letters of opposition or support have been received; staff notes that opposition to the request appeared and spoke at the Planning & Zoning Commission public hearing held on December 30, 2024.

IV. ANALYSIS

LDC Section 2.7.3.E.(2) provides that in making a recommendation to the Board, the Planning and Zoning Commission shall make a written finding that granting the rezoning will not adversely affect the public interest, that the proposed zoning change is consistent with the current Comprehensive Plan, and that it is compatible with land uses in the surrounding area. Staff's analysis of compliance with these three criteria are addressed below.

A. How is the request compatible with surrounding uses?

Compatibility is defined as a condition in which land uses, or conditions can coexist in relative proximity to each other in a stable fashion over time such that no use or condition is unduly negatively impacted directly or indirectly by another use or condition.

Generally, the subject site and surroundings are located along the SW Highway 200 corridor within the Urban Growth Boundary (UGB) and outside the Farmland Preservation Area (FPA). The site and surroundings are located in the county-wide Secondary Springs Protection Zone (SSPZ) and within Marion County Utilities' Southwest Utility Service Area. The site is Lot 32 of the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision.

Prior Figure 1 is an aerial of the site from Fall 2023, while following Figure 2 is a 2024 Google Aerial of the site and surroundings, also including parallel FLUM Amendment and Rezoning Applications (25-S01, and 250109ZC) for the property

to the west on Lot 23 of the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision where a now closed Code Enforcement Case related to manufactured home storage was resolved.



Figure 2

Following Figures 3a and 3b identify the site and surroundings' current land use designation and requested future land use designation for Employment Center (EC) that is not recommended for approval by staff. Properties to the east, southeast, and south are designated Commercial similar to the subject property's current land use designation. Lands to the north, northwest, and west are other lots within the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision with a Rural Land designation; however, Lot 23 to the west is the subject of similar parallel FLUM and rezoning change requests for Employment Center (EC) and Regional Business (B-4) zoning (25-S01 and 250109ZC, respectively) that are also not recommended by staff.



Figure 3b Requested FLUMS Designation (Concurrent FLUM application 25-S02, and parallel 25-S01 to the west, are requests for Employment Center (EC); neither is recommended for approval by staff.)



Following Figures 4a and 4b display the current and requested zoning district classifications for the site and surrounding properties. The site's current Commercial Business (B-2) zoning was established in 1989 after an applicant submitted a Rezoning Application (890906Z) for Regional Business (B-4) zoning; however, a lesser Commercial Business (B-2) zoning was then approved (Attachment F). East and southeast of the site the lands are zoned Community Business (B-2) similar to the site. South of the site the lands are zoned

Neighborhood Business (B-1). The properties to the north, northwest, and west are zoned General Agriculture (A-1) and, like the site, are lots in the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision.



Figure 4a Current Zoning Classification





Staff notes that parallel applications for a Comprehensive Plan Amendment and Rezoning Application (25-S01 and 250109ZC, respectively) for the property to the west have been submitted for consideration; however, those applications are not recommended for approval by staff. Additionally, as previously noted, the concurrent land use amendment for this subject property is also recommended for denial by staff as approving a Regional Business (B-4) zoning classification on the site would establish a zoning that is essentially inconsistent with the site's

Commercial future land use designation that focuses on neighborhood and community level commercial uses reflected by B-1 and B-2 zoning, respectively.



Prior Figure 5 displays the site and surrounding properties' existing uses as identified by the Marion County Property Appraiser Office's Property Code (PC). Following Figure 6 displays a broader aerial image of the site and surrounding properties with the surrounding subdivisions noted, including the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision. Table A displays the information of Figures 3 and 4 in tabular form.

Figure 6 Aerial Map (Fall 2023) with Surrounding Subdivisions



| TABLE A. ADJACENT PROPERTY CHARACTERISTICS | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| Direction | FLUM Designation | Zoning Classification | Existing Use Per MCPA Property Code | |
| Subject Property | Commercial (COM) | Community Business (B-2) | Commercial Office | |
| North | Rural Land (RL) | General Agriculture (A-1) | Single-family Residence (1972) | |
| South | Commercial (COM) | Neighborhood Business (B-1) | Commercial Office | |
| East | Commercial (COM) | Community Business (B-2) | Vacant Commercial | |
| West | Low Residential (RL) <i>Employment</i> <i>Center (EC)</i> <i>Requested</i> | General Agriculture (A-1) Regional Business (B-4) Requested | Single-family Residence (1972) | |

Staff notes that the original Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision consisted of 37 lots on 155 acres resulting in an average lot size of 4.2 acres. Staff notes lot 37 was the largest lot at ±10 acres that has been historically occupied by various church uses; excluding lot 37, the resulting average lot size is 4.0 acres. Staff notes that some lots were "split" in the past under family division options; however, recent amendments to the family division provisions will no longer enable family divisions within Green Turf Acres, and a recent request to rezone a lot to Residential Estate (R-E) to enable further division was denied by the Board. The current average lot size within Green Turf Acres is ±3.3 acres, excluding the original lot 37 based on the subdivision's remaining 145 acres. FLUE Policy 2.1.13, notes that "Marion County shall recognize "rural neighborhoods" that occur within or outside of the UGB deserve special protection from the intrusion of urban uses, densities and intensities where new development occurs within the immediate vicinity. For the purpose of this policy, a rural neighborhood is an existing recorded or unrecorded subdivision where the overall density does not exceed one unit per three acres and the subdivision has a predominant Future Land Use Designation of Rural Land or Low Residential." Given FLUE Policy 2.1.13, staff proposes the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision qualifies for recognition as a "rural neighborhood."

As noted previously, staff has recommended denial of the concurrent request to change the site's land use designation to Employment Center (EC), and as such staff recommends the requested Regional Business (B-4) zoning classification is not consistent with the site's current and continuing Commercial (COM) land use designation consistent with FLUE Policy 2.1.22. Further, approving a Regional Business (B-4) zoning classification on the site would establish a more intense zoning that would further encroach into the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision, inconsistent with FLUE Policy 2.1.13.

Based on the above findings, the proposed rezoning application is **not compatible** with the existing and future surrounding land uses, and would create further impacts on the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision rural neighborhood.

- B. How does the request affect the public interest?
 - 1. <u>Transportation impacts</u>. These include roadways, public transit, and other mobility features.
 - a. Roadways.
 - SW Hwy 200 Paved Public 6-lane roadway, maintained by FDOT.
 - SW 73rd Avenue. "Slag" paved private roadway, privately maintained by the property owners; no association is on record via State of Florida SUNBIZ, nor is the roadway formally dedicated to any particular entity as an unrecorded subdivision.

The site features access to both SW Hwy 200 and SW 73^{rd} Avenue. Increased intensities of commercial activity on the site may create additional traffic impacts and further increase traffic volumes on SW 73^{rd} Avenue, which, as a substandard roadway, is the responsibility of the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision property owners for maintenance. For reference, Green Turf Acres Lot 32 was a larger parcel, wherein FDOT acquired land from the site along Hwy 200 to accommodate the widening of Hwy 200. The site originally had ±465' of frontage along Hwy 200, but that amount decreased to ±475' today, while the site originally had ±533' of frontage along SW 73^{rd} Avenue, but that amount decreased to ±447' of frontage.

- b. Public transit. There are no fixed route services in the area.
- c. Other mobility features. Sidewalks currently exist along SW Hwy 200, however no sidewalks are located along SW 73rd Avenue. Upon development, sidewalks may be required, or the developer may elect to provide a fee-in-lieu for construction, as permitted by the LDC.

Based on the above findings, the rezoning roadway **impacts** <u>would</u> adversely affect the public interest.

2. <u>Potable water impacts</u>. Potable Water Element Policy 1.1.1 adopts a level of service (LOS) standard of 150 gallons per person per day for residential demand and approximately 2,750 gallons per acre per day for nonresidential demand. Based on the non-residential calculation, the proposed rezoning would not result in a potential increase in demand; however, residential use of the site could result in a potential demand of 12,960 gallons per day.

The property is within Marion County Utilities' Service Area, but is not currently connected to such services at this time. Based on the above findings, the rezoning's potable water impacts would not adversely affect the public interest.

3. <u>Sanitary sewer impacts</u>. Sanitary Sewer Element Policy 1.1.1 adopts a LOS standard of 110 gallons per person per day for residential demand and approximately 2,000 gallons per acre per day for commercial and industrial demand. Based on the non-residential calculation, the proposed rezoning would not result in a potential increase in demand; however, residential use of the site could result in a potential demand of 9,504 gallons per day.

The property is within Marion County Utilities service area but not within Marion County Utilities' required extension area. Based on the above findings, the rezoning's **sanitary sewer impacts would not adversely affect the public interest.**

- 4. <u>Solid waste impacts</u>. Solid Waste Element Policy 1.1.1 adopts a LOS standard of 6.2 pounds of solid waste generation per person per day for residential demand. A commercial/industrial level of service standard is not currently in place for Marion County as such operations are required to provide for individual commercial collection wherein disposal within Marion County is alternatively addressed. Residential use of the site could result in a potential demand of 239 pounds of solid waste per day; however, such demand would be created by a likely multiple-family use which often coordinates for individual commercial collection. Based on the above, the rezoning solid waste impacts would not adversely affect the public interest.
- 5. <u>Recreation.</u> Recreation Element Policy 1.1.1. adopts a level of service standard of two (2) acres per 1,000 persons. A commercial/industrial level of service standard is not currently in place for Marion County. As a non—residential zoning classification, recreation impacts are not typically anticipated by the proposed request; however, as a commercially zoned property, the site would be eligible for use under the State of Florida "Live Local Act" that enables qualified affordable housing developments in a commercial zoning as a permitted administrative use. Based on the proposed zoning, the rezoning **recreation impacts would not adversely affect the public interest.**
- 6. <u>Stormwater/drainage</u>. Stormwater Element Policy 1.1.1 adopts varying levels of service standards based on the characteristics of the development site. The site does not include any flood plain areas but does contain some flood prone areas. Development of the site will be required to comply with a 100-year frequency 24-hour duration design storm as the site development proceeds through Marion County's site development review processes. Based on the above, the rezoning **stormwater/drainage impacts would not adversely affect the public interest**.

- 7. <u>Fire rescue/emergency services</u>. The Friendship Fire Station #21, located at 7884 SW 90th Street, is ±0.85 miles southwest of the subject property. The Comprehensive Plan does not establish a level of service standard for fire rescue/emergency services. Still, Marion County has established a 5-mile drive distance from the subject property as evidence of the availability of such services. Based on the above, the rezoning fire rescue/emergency impacts would not adversely affect the public interest and the application is **consistent** with this section.
- 8. <u>Law enforcement.</u> The Sheriff's Southwest District Office/SR 200, located at 9084 SW Hwy 200, is ±2.75 miles southwest of the subject property. The Comprehensive Plan does not establish a level of service standard for law enforcement/sheriff services. Based on the above, the application's **law enforcement impacts would not adversely affect the public interest.**
- 9. <u>Public schools.</u> As a non-residential zoning classification, no recreation impacts are anticipated by the proposed request, unless the site were utilized for a qualified "Live Local Act" affordable housing development. However, such affordable residential development of the site could generate up to 70 dwelling units generating an estimated 7-elementary, 3-middle, and 3-high school students for a total of 13 students. The following figures are provided for the current school year: Hammett Bowen, Jr. Elementary (111.01%), Liberty Middle School (92.64%), and West Port High School (116.83%). While there are areas of overcrowding, overall, there is capacity within Marion County Schools. Based on the above findings, the proposed development would not adversely affect public interest. Therefore, it is concluded that the application is consistent with this section.

In summation, staff concludes that the application, while meeting some of the above criteria, **will adversely affect the public interest**, particularly due to potential access and roadway concerns related to the site's unique size, configuration, and location at the SW Hwy 200 & SW 73rd Avenue intersection, and along SW 73rd Avenue that is a substandard privately maintained roadway within the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision.

- C. How is this request consistent with the Comprehensive Plan?
 - 1. FLUE Policy 1.1.1: Marion County Planning Principles The County shall rely upon the following principles to guide the overall planning framework and vision for the County:
 - 1. Preserve, protect and manage the County's valuable natural resources.
 - 2. Recognize and protect the rural equestrian and agricultural character as an asset of the County's character and economy while providing clear, fair and consistent standards for the review and evaluation of any appropriate future development proposals.

- 3. Support the livability of the existing cities and towns in the County by planning for the logical extension of development in a manner that enhances the scale, intensity and form of these areas through the introduction of sustainable smart growth principles and joint planning activities.
- 4. Support economic development through government practices that place a priority on public infrastructure necessary to attract such activities and that foster a local economic development environment that is conducive to the creation and growth of new businesses, the expansion of existing businesses, and is welcoming to private entrepreneur activities.

Analysis: The requested zoning change for the site would significantly increase the potential density/intensity of the site, projecting further into the Green Turf Acres Subdivision consisting of lower intensity residential uses, functionally creating a limited "spot" of potential higher intensity development surrounded by lower intensity development, and also further affecting an established rural neighborhood and its existing substandard roadway infrastructure. The application is **not consistent** with FLUE Policy 1.1.1.

2. FLUE Policy 2.1.13: Protection of Rural Neighborhoods - Marion County shall recognize "rural neighborhoods" that occur within or outside of the UGB deserve special protection from the intrusion of urban uses, densities and intensities where new development occurs within the immediate vicinity. For the purpose of this policy, a rural neighborhood is an existing recorded or unrecorded subdivision where the overall density does not exceed one unit per three acres and the subdivision has a predominant Future Land Use Designation of Rural Land or Low Residential.

Analysis: The site is part of the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision that represents a "rural neighborhood" as previously noted. Further increasing the site's zoning classification to B-4 would potentially allow more intense uses to encroach into the neighborhood. Therefore, the application is **not consistent** with FLUE Policy 2.1.13.

3. FLUE Policy 2.1.22: Commercial (COM) - This land use designation is intended to provide for mixed-use development *focused on retail, office, and community business opportunities to meet the daily needs of the surrounding residential areas*; and allows for mixed residential development as a primary use or commercial uses with or without residential uses. The density range shall be up to eight (8) dwelling units per one (1) gross acre and a maximum Floor Area Ratio of 1.0, as further defined in the LDC. This land use designation is allowed in the Urban Area and allows for campgrounds and recreational vehicle parks (RVP).

Analysis: As staff recommends denial of the concurrent land use change, the site remains designated Commercial that that focuses on neighborhood

and community business needs reflected by B-1 and B-2 zoning respectively. The request for Regional Business (B-4) provides for an increased rage of uses wherein the primary adjoining properties are zoned Community Business (B-2), and the additional uses would further encroach into the Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision zoned General Agriculture (A-1). As such, the application is **not consistent** with FLUE Policy 2.1.22.

4. FLUE Policy 5.1.3 on Planning and Zoning Commission provides, "The County shall enable applications for CPA, ZC, and SUP requests to be reviewed by the Planning & Zoning Commission, which will act as the County's Local Planning Agency. The purpose of the advisory board is to make recommendations on CPA, ZC, and SUP requests to the County Commissioners. The County shall implement and maintain standards to allow for a mix of representatives from the community and set standards for the operation and procedures for this advisory board.

Analysis: The proposed zoning change is scheduled for the December 30, 2024 Planning and Zoning Commission and, therefore, the application is **consistent** with this FLUE Policy 5.1.3.

5. FLUE Policy 5.1.4 on Notice of Hearing provides, "The County shall provide notice consistent with Florida Statutes and as further defined in the LDC."

Analysis: Public notice has been provided as required by the LDC and Florida Statutes and, therefore, the application is being processed **consistent** with FLUE Policy 5.1.4.

Based on the above findings, the proposed rezoning **is not consistent with the Comprehensive Plan**.

V. ALTERNATIVE ACTIONS

- A. Enter into the record the Staff Report and all other competent substantial evidence presented at the hearing, adopt the findings and conclusions contained herein, and make a recommendation to **DENY** the requested rezoning.
- B. Enter into the record the Staff Report and all other competent substantial evidence presented at the hearing, and make a recommendation to **APPROVE** the requested rezoning.
- C. Enter into the record the Staff Report and all other competent substantial evidence presented at the hearing, identify any additional data and analysis needed to support a recommendation and make a recommendation to **TABLE** the application for up to two months in order for the applicant to provide the identified data and analysis needed to make an informed recommendation on the proposed Ordinance.

VI. STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends the Board enter into the record the Staff Report, and all other competent substantial evidence presented at the hearing, adopt the findings and conclusions contained herein, and make a recommendation to **DENY** the proposed rezoning because the application:

- A. **Will adversely** affect the public interest.
- B. **Is not consistent** with the Comprehensive Plan provisions because it is not in conformance with:
 - 1. FLUE Policies 1.1.1, 2.1.13 and 2.1.22.
- C. **Is not compatible** with the surrounding uses because the propose zoning would allow an increased range and intensity of uses in a Commercial designated area and increasing the range and intensity of uses in the existing Green Turf Acres UNR Subdivision rural neighborhood.

VII. PLANNING & ZONING COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION

The Planning & Zoning Commission voted to agree with staff's findings and recommendation and voted unanimously to recommend **DENIAL** of Rezoning Application 250110ZC.

VIII. BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS ACTION

To be determined.

IX. LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

- A. Application.
- B. Green Turf Acres Unrecorded Subdivision No. 20 Plat, 7/9/1970
- C. DRC Staff Review Comments.
- D. Code Case Reports with Photos.
- E. Site/Sign Photos.
- F. Reference FLUM Definitions and Zoning Class Intents.
- G. Definitions related to Model Centers, Manufactured Buildings, and Manufactured Homes.
- H. Community Business (B-2) versus Regional Business (B-4) Table.
- I. BCC Minutes 1989-09-12 Excerpt for Zoning Case No. 890906Z.